MICROPLASTICS IN THE GREAT LAKES

A Cities Initiative Fact Sheet



MICROPLASTICS vs. MICROBEADS?

Microplastics are plastics that are **less than 5mm in diameter**. They are created when larger plastic pieces enter the marine environment through rivers, beaches or other dumping at sea and are **subsequently broken into smaller pieces** by wind, waves and UV radiation.

Microbeads are plastic pieces manufactured to be less than 5mm in diameter and added to **common consumer care products**, such as exfoliating body wash. These are then flushed down the drain and cannot be captured by wastewater treatment plants, so find their way into the Great Lakes. (A)

WHAT PRODUCTS TYPICALLY CONTAIN MICROBEADS?

Microplastics are found in many **common consumer products**, including toothpastes, deodorants, body washes, hand cleansers and facial exfoliate. You can tell if a product uses plastic microbeads if it contains **polyethylene** or **polypropylene**.

WHY ARE MICROPLASTICS A PROBLEM IN THE GREAT LAKES?

1. They are present in huge numbers
In 2012 and 2013, a pair of scientific studies
by Dr. Sherri Mason, professor at SUNY
Fredonia, and the 5 Gyres Institute recorded
the plastic content of Lake Huron, Lake Erie
and Lake Superior and discovered
microplastics in greater concentrations in
Lake Erie than in any other body of water on
earth, with concentrations exceeding data
collected in the Great Pacific Garbage Patch.
(D)



Beaches also have a concentration of microbeads and microplastics, affecting shoreline habitat and species (C)

2. They have tremendous impacts on wildlife and humans

- Fish and birds ingest them: microplastics and microbeads can cause internal blockage, dehydration and death in wildlife.
- Ecosystem and habitat destruction: microbeads on beaches change the physical properties of beaches, such as heat retention and light reflection, which impacts organisms dependent on land temperature.
- Super-concentrations and bioaccumulation of pollutants: microbeads absorb pollutants already in the water such as DDT, PAHs and PCBs. When ingested by wildlife, the plastics contain super-concentrations of these dangerous toxins. They become more concentrated as they bioaccumulate in the food chain. (E)

WHAT ARE COMPANIES DOING ABOUT MICROPLASTICS NOW?

Some companies have promised a **voluntary phase-out of plastic beads**. Others have made no commitments.

Promises to phase-out:

- Beiersdorf (no set date)
- Colgate-Palmolive (by end of 2014)
- Johnson & Johnson (by end of 2015)
- L'Oreal (no set date)
- Proctor & Gamble (by end of 2017)
- Unilever (by end of 2015) (F)

WHAT IS THE GREAT LAKES AND ST. LAWRENCE CITIES INITIATIVE DOING ABOUT MICROBEADS?

The Cities Initiative has written to USEPA and Environment Canada asking what the US and Canadian governments are doing and plan to do to prevent microbeads from entering the Great Lakes and to remove microbeads already in the Great Lakes.

The Cities Initiative has written all the major companies using microbeads in their products, asking for:

• Full disclosure of all products that contain



Microplastic beads and plastics particles found in the Great Lakes (G)

microbeads.

- A commitment to completely phase-out all microbeads production by 2015 at the latest.
- Development and disclosure of plans to clean up existing microbead pollution.

The Cities Initiative is asking its members:

- To help raise awareness amongst their residents and businesses of the threat posed by microbeads.
- To make a commitment to think twice before purchasing products containing microbeads.



Sport fisheries, commercial fisheries, municipal water intakes and many other usages can suffer from plastic pollution (H)

SOURCES AND LINKS

- A. <u>5 Gyres Institute</u>, *Position Paper on Microplastics* (2013)
- B. Photos: Plastic Shore Movie
- C. Photo: City of Racine
- D. Eriksen, M. et al., *Microplastic Pollution in the Surface Waters of the Laurentian Great Lakes.* Mar. Pollut. Bull. (2013).
- E. <u>5 Gyres Institute</u>, *Position Paper on Microplastics* (2013)
- F. Stiv Wilson, Victory #3, 5 Gyres Foundation (June 24, 2013)
 Plastic Free Seas, Microbeads, accessed on Sept. 24, 2013
 Plastic Soup Foundation, Colgate-Palmolive, L'Oreal and Beiersdorf Halt Use of Micro Beads (May 7, 2013)
- G. Photo: Treehugger.com
- H. Photo: Durham Region

ABOUT US

The Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Cities Initiative (www.glslcities.org) is a binational coalition of over 100 Mayors that works actively to advance the protection, restoration and promotion of the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence River basin.

To learn more about the Cities Initiative's work on microplastics and microbeads, visit <u>glslcities.org/initiatives/microplastics.cfm</u>

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