



ABOUT DELTA INSTITUTE

Who we are: Multidisciplinary team of 20 FTE, including urban planners, civil engineers, economists, scientists, architects, LEED APs, GIS experts.

What we do: We collaborate with communities to solve complex environmental challenges throughout the Midwest.

How we do it:

- Work with public and private partners to identify opportunities for marketbased environmental solutions
- Design, test, and share on-the-ground solutions that yield social, environmental, and economic benefits for communities.



CURRENT INITIATIVES



Resiliency planning and implementation in:

- Gary, Indiana,
- Hobart, Indiana
- Michigan City, Indiana
- Muskegon, Michigan
- Sebewaing, Michigan
- Tuscola, Michigan



WHY RESILIENCE?

Build capacity to deal with unexpected changes and come back *stronger than before*.

Integrates

- People
- Infrastructure &systems
- Environment





WHAT'S IN A RESILIENCE PLAN?

ENGAGE STAKEHOLDERS & IDENTIFY COMMUNITY ASSETS
e. g. outdoor recreation, utilities

EVALUATE DISTURBANCES
e.g. floods, demand for recreation

ASSESS VULNERABILITY
e.g. sensitivity, capacity to adapt



VILLAGE OF SEBEWAING RESILIENCY PLAN

FEBRUARY, 2017

Acknowledgements

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PLANNING WITH RESILIENCE COMPONENTS

Don't have to undertake a resilience plan to incorporate resiliency into your planning, operations, and maintenance.

Address resilience in:

- Transportation Plans
- Parks Plans
- Energy Plans
- Master Plans





OTHER MECHANISMS FOR INCORPORATING RESILIENCE

 Many municipalities already have tools that they can use to promote resiliency:

Zoning

- Floodplain define and regulate
- Parking permeable surfaces
- Underground wiring

Ordinances

Siting utilities

Budgeting

Capital improvements



SEBEWAING, MICHIGAN

- Population: 1,610
- On the coast of Saginaw Bay
- Challenges:
 - Increase intensity and duration of rainfall
 - Ice jams in Sebewaing River
 - Increase in straight line winds, lightning strikes, flooding
 - Aging utilities

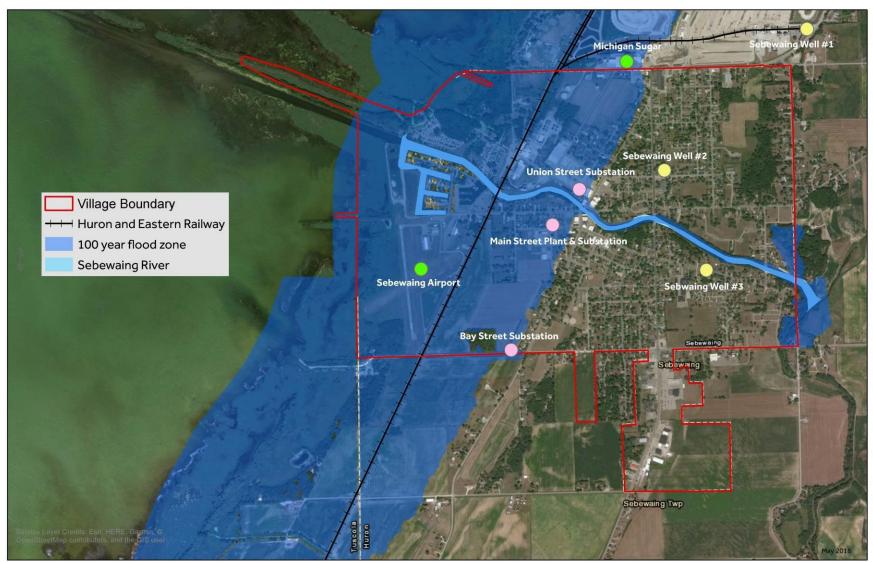






SEBEWAING, MICHIGAN

FOCUS ON UTILITIES



SEBEWAING, MICHIGAN

FOCUS ON UTILITIES

Solutions

Planning

- Resilience Plan (2017)
- Master Plan(2018)
- Zoning updates (2019)

Implementation

- Install new CHP engines
- Adopt newordinance
 - Regulates sitingand installation of new public utilities



HOW IT ALL FITS TOGETHER

SEBEWAING, MICHIGAN

Resilience Plan (2017)

Purpose: Toguide the Village in the development and adoption of climate adaptation and resilience strategies.

Implemented Recommendation: Public Utility Siting Ordinance

Master Plan (2018)

Purpose: To reflect the ideas and vision of the community and to guide future development. Recommendations from the Resilience Plan are incorporated as Action Items in the Master Plan.

Update Zoning (2019)

Purpose: To regulate the use of land. Contains rules to regulate the vision described in the Master Plan. The zoning ordinance was reviewed for where resilience efforts could be incorporated.

GARY, INDIANA

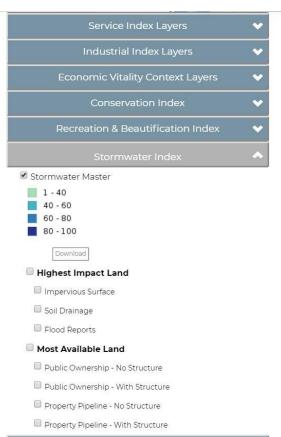
- Population: 76,424
- On the coast of Lake Michigan
- Challenges:
 - Weather events
 - Urban run-off and stormwater management issues
 - Disinvestment and vacant land
 - Unclear municipal processes

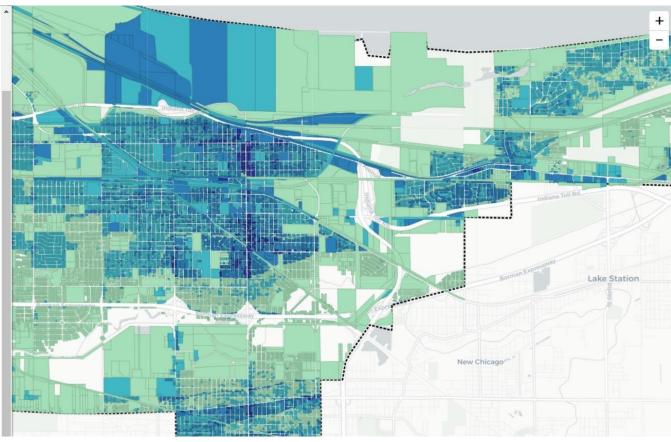






GARY, INDIANA







GARY, INDIANA FOCUS ON VACANT LAND

Solutions

Planning

- Gary Asset Mapping (2015)
- Green Infrastructure Plan (2016 - 2018)

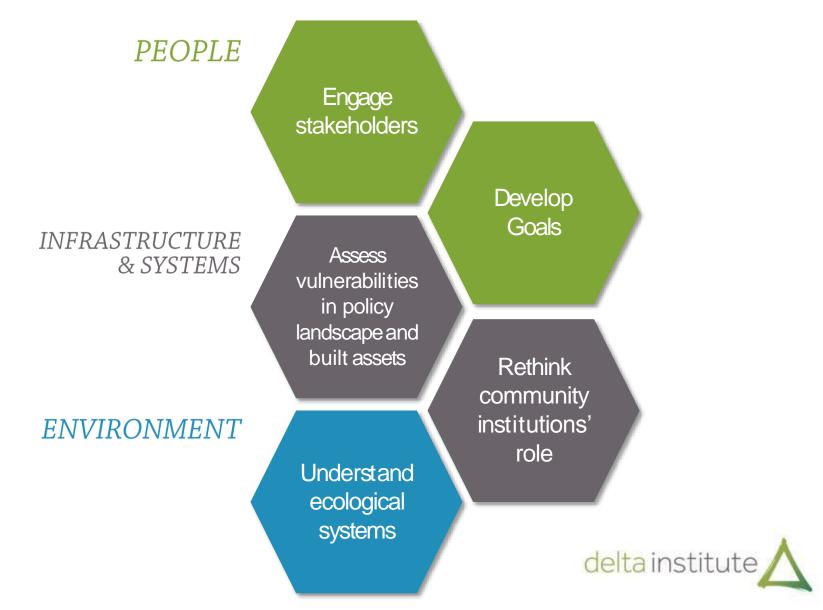
Implementation

Hybrid poplar forests for stormwater management





RESILIENCE IS A LONG-TERM PROCESS



PEOPLE

- Who needs to be at the table when resilience planning?
- How can communities ensure planning for the most vulnerable populations?
- Who will benefit from resilience efforts?





INFRASTRUCTURE & SYSTEMS

- What are the global drivers and local impacts?
- How does the built environment provide opportunities/challenges?
- How can community institutions work together to layer resiliency into each aspect of planning, operations, maintenance?

Assess
vulnerabilities
in policy
landscape and
built assets

Rethink community institutions' role



ENVIRONMENT

- What should the system be resilient to?
 - Is the 100-year floodplain the right frame?
- How do people and systems interact and depend on ecological systems?
 - Residential use of water: drinking, washing
 - Commercial use of waterways: navigable channels
 - Recreational use of waterways: kayaking, swimming

Understand ecological systems



RESOURCES

- Green Infrastructure Toolkit
 - Templates, plan sets, cross sections, costs, and material specifications
- Resilience Plans for Muskegon, Michigan and Sebewaing, Michigan
 - Examples of resilience assessments and analysis of disturbances
- Urban Tree Farms Toolkit (by end of 2018)



GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE DESIGNS SCALABLE SOLUTIONS TO LOCAL CHALLENGES JULY 2015







POSSIBLE FUNDING SOURCES

Planning and implementation of resilience efforts increasingly rely on cooperation from **private and public parties**.

Below are possible public funding sources:

- State Department of Environmental Quality
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- EPASmart Growth Grants
- FEMA
 - Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program
 - Flood Mitigation Assistance Program
 - Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

^{*} Programs may require applicant to have an approved Hazard Mitigation Plan



THANK YOU!

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Learn more & connect

www.delta-institute.org www.delta-institute.org/tools







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